

we do not need to memorize the probability equations by heart

To determine an appropriate value of k , we rewrite the proof of Lemma 9.6.

Only changes will be listed here:

we define X_i and Y_i as

$$X_i := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \text{rank}(a_{ri}) > \lceil 6(m+1)/10 \rceil \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$Y_i := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \text{rank}(a_{ri}) < \lfloor 4(m+1)/10 \rfloor \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Now suppose the item we report is not a $\frac{1}{10}$ -approximate median. Then either its rank is greater than $\lceil 6(m+1)/10 \rceil$ or its rank is smaller than $\lfloor 4(m+1)/10 \rfloor$. In the former case, at least half of the items in J must have rank greater than $\lceil 6(m+1)/10 \rceil$, and so $X \geq \frac{k}{2}$. Similarly, in the latter case, we have $Y \geq \frac{k}{2}$.

Observe that $E[X_i] = E[Y_i] = \frac{4}{10}$ because r_i is chosen uniformly at random. Hence,

$$E[X] = \sum_{i=1}^k E[X_i] = \frac{4k}{10} = \frac{2k}{5}$$

Lemma 9.5 thus gives $\Pr[X \geq \frac{k}{2}] = \Pr[X \geq \frac{5}{4} E[X]] \leq \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)^{\frac{2k}{5}}$

$$\text{Similarly, } \Pr[Y \geq \frac{k}{2}] \leq \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)^{\frac{2k}{5}}$$

$$\text{Hence, } \Pr[\text{algorithm reports a } \frac{1}{10}\text{-approximate median}] \leq 2 \cdot \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)^{\frac{2k}{5}}$$

We want $\Pr[\text{algorithm reports a } \frac{1}{10}\text{-approximate median}] \leq 0.05$.

Thus, we need

$$2 \cdot \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)^{\frac{2k}{5}} \leq 0.05$$

$$0.025 \geq \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)^{\frac{2k}{5}}$$

$$0.025 \geq \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)^{\frac{2k}{5}}$$

$$\log \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right) (0.025) \leq \frac{2k}{5}$$

$$\log_2(0.025)$$

$$\frac{\log_2(0.025)}{\log_2 \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)} \leq \frac{2k}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{2} \frac{\log_2(0.025)}{\log_2 \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)} \leq k$$

Thus, $k = \left\lceil \frac{5}{2} \frac{\log_2(0.025)}{\log_2 \left(\frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right)} \right\rceil$ is the minimal value of k for which the requested probability is reached.